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(1)

Matrix factorisations in topological field theory

MFs in physics ($f=w$)

- D-branes and defects in Landau-Ginzburg models

2 dim. field theory

- CFT/LG Corr.

$$S_{LG} = \int_W [d^2z d^4\theta K(\Phi, \bar{\Phi}) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \int d^2z d^2\theta w(\Phi)\right)] \Big|_{\bar{\theta}^+ = 0} + CC$$

one approach to LG models; we won't use this for this talk

+ boundary terms

Axiomatic approach

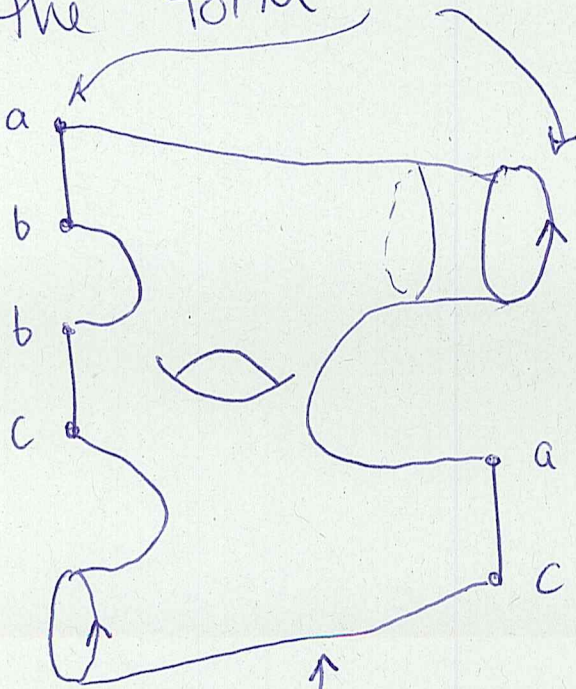
- topological field theory (aka TQFT)
- topological string theory (improvement or enrichment of TFT)
- ~~CFT~~ conformal field theory (LG model not a CFT because of w)

(everything will be 2-dim. for us) (2)

A 2-dim. open/closed top. field theory is a symm. monoidal functor

$$Z: \mathcal{O}_\Lambda \mathcal{C} \longrightarrow \text{vect}_{\mathbb{Z}/2}(\mathbb{C})$$

w/ Λ a set. objects in $\mathcal{O}_\Lambda \mathcal{C}$ are of the form



w/ $a, b, c \in \Lambda$

and morphisms are cobordisms between them.

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathbb{C}} \text{TFT} = \text{CTFT} + \text{OTFT} + \text{sewing constraints}$$

$Z(S^1)$
comm. Frobenius algebra

$\{Z(I_{ab})\}_{a,b \in \Lambda}$
Calabi-Yau category

Sewing constraints:

$$i_a: Z(S') \rightarrow Z(I_{aa}) \quad (\text{boundary-bulk})$$

$$i^a: Z(I_{aa}) \rightarrow Z(S') \quad (\text{bulk-boundary})$$

$$\text{Str}(\Psi) \rightarrow \langle \begin{matrix} \psi_1, \psi_2 \\ \text{diagram} \end{matrix} \rangle = \langle i^a \psi_1, i^b \psi_2 \rangle \quad (\text{Cardy Card.})$$

B-twisted affine

$$(\text{Jac}(w), \text{Res} \begin{bmatrix} \psi_1, \psi_2 & dx_1 \dots dx_N \\ \partial_1 w, \dots, \partial_N w \end{bmatrix})$$

LG-model

$$w \in \mathbb{C}[x_1, \dots, x_N]$$

iso. sing.

closed state (Vafa)

$$(\text{MF}(w), \text{KL pairing})$$

open state

Thm The above are a TFT.

PF Hard parts are non-deg. of KL pairing → Murfet

Cardy Card. \rightsquigarrow Polishchuk-Vaintrob.

Open top. string theory

"Worldsheet view"

heuristically

$$\langle \dots \rangle_{\text{TST}} = \int \langle \dots \rangle_{\text{TFT}}$$

$M \leftarrow$ moduli space of ~~compact~~ Riemann surfaces w/ insertions and labels

OTST \cong CY A_∞ -category

An A_∞ -algebra is a graded vector space A w/ a co-differential ∂ of degree ± 1

$$\text{on } T_A := \bigoplus_{n \geq 1} A[i]^{\otimes n}$$

$$M_n := \pi_{A[i]} \circ \partial \Big|_{A[i]^{\otimes n}} : A[i]^{\otimes n} \longrightarrow A[i]$$

(A, M_n) is minimal if $M_1 = 0$ (so no homology)
cyclic wrt $\langle -, - \rangle$ if

$$\langle a_0, m_n(a_1 \otimes \dots \otimes a_n) \rangle \text{ is cyclic}$$

Calabi-Yau if it's minimal and cyclic wrt non-deg. pairing.

Let Z be a TFT and $H = Z(I_{aa}) = \langle \psi_i \rangle$ (5)

$$\langle \psi_{i_0} \dots \psi_{i_n} \rangle_{\text{TFT}} = \langle \psi_{i_0}, m_n(\psi_{i_1} \otimes \dots \otimes \psi_{i_n}) \rangle =: w_{i_0 \dots i_n}$$

for a suitable A_∞ -structure (H, m_n) .

\langle , \rangle for TFT is correlator

\langle , \rangle for TST is amplitude

$$W_{\text{eff}}(u) = \sum_{n \geq 3} \frac{1}{n} w_{i_1 \dots i_n} u_{i_1} \dots u_{i_n}$$

Theorem Any A_∞ -algebra is A_∞ -quasi-isomorphic to a minimal one.

PF Constructive!

Fix $D \in \text{MF}(W)$, DG-algebra $A = \text{End}_{\text{DG}(W)}(D)$

Problem Generically, minimal models on $H^*(A)$ are not acyclic wrt $\langle -, - \rangle_{\text{KL}}^D$.

Solution formal non-comm. geom.

[Kontsevich/Soitelman, C. 2009, C/kay 2011]

Include bulk (or closed) sector ⑥

Theorem (Costello) MF(w) (w/ A_∞ -structure) together w/ HH(DG(w)) as a closed sector gives a %c TST.

[But at first we're not sure it gives what we want.]

Thm (Dyckerhoff) $\text{HH}(\text{DG}(w)) \cong \text{Jac}(w)$.

But how do we compute amplitudes, i.e. $\langle -, - \rangle_{\text{TST}}?$

$$\langle \dots \rangle_{\text{TST}} \rightsquigarrow \langle \dots e^{\sum t_i \delta_i} \rangle_{\text{TST}}$$

Theorem [Herbst, Lazaroni, Lerche] Bulk-deformed amplitudes are encoded in a curved CY A_∞ -category.

[theorem on constructing min. A_∞ -structures, above, doesn't work for curved A_∞ -algebras]

Theorem [C/Kay] Bulk-deformed amplitudes can be directly constructed in MF(w).

PF

Jac(w) \rightarrow (poly. vector fields)

(7)

Coderiv(T_A)

"weak" det. quant.

\downarrow
Coderiv(T_H)

hom. perturbation lemma