

Best constants in the Burkholder-Rosenthal-type inequalities for multilinear forms

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ABSTRACT

We prove the explicit expressions for the best constants in the following analogues of the Burkholder-Rosenthal exact moment inequalities for multilinear forms obtained in a general form in [1]:

$$E\left(\sum_{1 \leq i_1 < \dots < i_m \leq n} X_{i_1} \dots X_{i_m}\right)^t \leq C_1(t, m, n) \max(C_n^m (EX_1^t)^m, (C_n^m)^t (EX_1)^{mt})$$

for independent identically distributed nonnegative random variables X_1, \dots, X_n with finite t th moment, $t \geq 1$;

$$E \left| \sum_{1 \leq i_1 < \dots < i_m \leq n} X_{i_1} \dots X_{i_m} \right|^t \leq C_2(t, m, n) \max(C_n^m (E |X_1|^t)^m, (C_n^m)^{t/2} (EX_1^2)^{mt/2})$$

for independent symmetric identically distributed random variables X_1, \dots, X_n with finite t th moment, $t \geq 2$. In the case of linear forms we show that if $1 \leq l \leq m$, $k_1 = 1 < k_2 < \dots < k_l$ are arbitrary elements of the set $\{2s - 1, s = 1, 2, \dots, m\}$ and C_{k_1, \dots, k_l}^* denote the best constants in the Burkholder-Rosenthal inequality

$$E \left| \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \right|^{2m} \leq C_{k_1, \dots, k_l} \max\left(\sum_{i=1}^n E |X_i|^{2m}, \left(\sum_{i=1}^n EX_i^2\right)^m\right)$$

for independent random variables X_1, \dots, X_n with moments of orders k_1, k_2, \dots, k_l equal zero, then $C_{k_1, \dots, k_l}^* \leq T_{k_1, \dots, k_l}$ where T_{k_1, \dots, k_l} are the numbers of partitions of a set consisting of $2m$ elements into parts the number of elements in which is not equal to k_1, \dots, k_l . The latter bounds are exact in the extremal cases of random variables with zero mean, random variables with m zero first odd moments and nonnegative random variables (e.g., [1], [2]).

References

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