

## Exercises to Introduction to Stochastic Partial Differential Equations I

Sheet 2  
Total points: 12  
Submission before: Friday, 21.04.2023, 12:00 noon

([Parts of] Exercises marked with “\*” are additional exercises.)

Let  $(U, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_U)$  be a separable Hilbert space.

**Problem 1.** (2+2+2 Points)

1. Assume that  $\mu$  is a probability measure on  $(U, \mathcal{B}(U))$  such that

$$\int_U e^{i\langle u, v \rangle_U} \mu(dv) = e^{i\langle m, u \rangle_U - \frac{1}{2}\langle Qu, u \rangle_U} \quad \forall u \in U. \quad (1)$$

for some  $m \in U$  and  $Q \in L(U)$  symmetric, nonnegative, with finite trace. Prove that  $\mu$  is a Gaussian measure on  $(U, \mathcal{B}(U))$ .

2. Let  $g \in U$ . Show that there exists a symmetric  $Q \in L(U)$  such that

$$\langle Qh_1, h_2 \rangle_U = \int_U \langle v, h_1 \rangle_U \langle v, h_2 \rangle_U \mu(dv) - \langle g, h_1 \rangle_U \langle g, h_2 \rangle_U \quad \forall h_1, h_2 \in U.$$

3. Assume that  $\mu$  is a Gaussian measure on  $(U, \mathcal{B}(U))$  and let  $Q \in L(U)$  and  $m \in U$  be as constructed in the proof of Theorem 2.1.2. Conclude from the proof of Theorem 2.1.2 that (1) holds.

**Problem 2.** (2 Points)

Prove Corollary 2.1.4 in the lecture notes.

**Problem 3** (Fernique’s theorem for Gaussian measures on Hilbert spaces). (4 Points)

Let  $\mu$  be a Gaussian measure on  $(U, \mathcal{B}(U))$  with  $\mu = N(0, Q)$ . Prove that there exists  $\alpha > 0$  such that

$$\int_U e^{\alpha \|v\|_U^2} \mu(dv) < \infty.$$

*Hint: Use Proposition 2.1.6.*